

S. E. MASSEY,
DEALER IN
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE.
Also a Large Stock of
Cut Glass
Howard Watches
Gillette Razors
Repairing and
Silversmithing
a Specialty.
We also handle the
WATERMAN'S IDEAL
FOUNTAIN PEN.
S. E. Massey,
Middletown,
Del.
TERMS STRICTLY CASH

**SMITH'S
PHARMACY!**
P. R. SMITH, M. D., Prop.
WEST MAIN ST.
We have lately received a large
assortment of
**TUCK'S
POSTCARDS**
These cards are universally recog-
nized as the standard postcards.
When in our store ask for one of
Tuck's Postcard Exchange Regis-
ters. This Register gives the names
of people all over the world who
will exchange postcards. Ask for
one, they are free to our patrons.
When sending anything in our
line don't forget us.

REGISTER'S ORDER.
OFFICE OF REGISTER OF WILLS.
NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DEL. Mar. 3, 1908.
Upon the application of Emily W. Hinkley
Administratrix of Emily W. Hinkley
deceased, it is ordered and directed by the
Register of Wills that the said Emily W. Hinkley
do give notice of granting of Letters
of Administration upon the estate of the
deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by
causing advertisements to be posted within
forty days from the date of such letters in six of
the most public places of the County of New
Castle, requiring all persons having claims
against the estate to present the same, or
to file by an act of Assembly in such case
made and provided; and also cause the same
to be inserted within the same period in the
Middletown Transcript, a newspaper published
in Middletown, Delaware, and to be con-
tinued therein ten times.
Given under the hand and seal of
the said office of the Register of Wills at
New Castle, Delaware, this 3rd day of March,
1908, at New Castle, Delaware, and year above
written.
FRANCIS N. WALKER, Register of Wills.
Address:
Martin B. Burris, Esq.,
Attorney at Law,
Middletown, Delaware.

PATENTS
PROSECUTED AND DEFENDED. Send model,
drawing or picture and description. Trade
marks, designs, etc., in all countries.
Business direct with Washington office.
Money and often the patent.
Patent and Invention Practice Exclusively.
Write or come to us at
625 Third Street, N. E., District of Columbia.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CASNOW & CO.
FOR SALE!

Fifty Acres of Land
in high state of cultivation,
near Odessa; no buildings.
Geo. L. Townsend, Jr., Atty.

FOR SALE!
Gilpin Property
Main Street, Middletown
Geo. L. Townsend, Jr., Atty.

FIRE INSURANCE
Town Property,
Farm Buildings,
Stock and Wheat in Stack
ALSO
Life and Accident Insurance
GEORGE D. KELLEY,
Middletown, Del.

SECURITY
TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT CO.,
S. W. Cor. 6th & Market Sts.
Wilmington, Del.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS: \$1,200,000

BANKING BY MAIL
Persons living at a distance who wish
to avail themselves of our unexcelled
banking facilities and obtain interest on
their deposits, can do so by purchasing
at the nearest post office, money orders
payable to our order for the amounts
to be deposited, and forwarding these
orders to us by mail; or they may send
us checks or drafts payable to our order.
All such remittances will be promptly
acknowledged.

OFFICERS:
Benjamin Neilsen, President.
James B. Clarkson, Vice-President.
John S. Roswell, Sec. & Trust Officer.
L. Scott Townsend, Treasurer.

**SECTIONAL
Bookcase**



The man who has only a dozen
books needs a bookcase, but he
doesn't need one that will take up
the whole side of his room. The
"Y and E" Sectional Book-
case may be adapted to any space
and is easy to move—simply de-
tach the sections—a boy can put
them up. I am sole agent for this
section.

General Furniture.
line of Furniture.
CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES
UPHOLSTERING IN ALL
ITS BRANCHES.

**Funeral Director and
EMBALMER.**
J. H. EMERSON,
Middletown - Delaware

PRICE 1 CENT!
THE SUN

THE SUN'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS
throughout the United States, as well as
in Europe, China, South Africa, the
Philippines, Porto Rico, Cuba and in
every other part of the world, make it
the greatest newspaper that can be
printed.

Its Washington and New York bureaus
are among the best in the United States,
and give the Sun's readers the earliest
information upon all important events in
the legislative and financial centers of
the country.

THE FARMER'S PAPER
The Sun's market reports and com-
mercial columns are complete and re-
liable, and put the farmer, the merchant
and the broker in touch with the markets
of Baltimore, Norfolk, Charleston, New
York, Chicago, Philadelphia and all other
important points in the United States
and other countries. All of which the
reader gets for one cent.

THE WOMAN'S PAPER
The Sun is the best type of a news-
paper, socially and intellectually. In
addition, the news of the day, it pub-
lishes the best features that can be pre-
sented, such as fashion articles, and mis-
cellaneous writings from men and women
of note and prominence. It is an educa-
tor of the highest character, constantly
aiming to noble ideals in individual
and national life.

Tax Sun is published on Sunday as
well as every other day of the week.
By Mail the Daily Sun, \$2 a year; in-
cluding the Sunday Sun, \$4. The Sunday
Sun alone, \$1 a year.
Address:
A. S. ABELL COMPANY,
Publishers and Proprietors,
BALTIMORE, MD.

FOR SALE!
Two nice farms of 200 acres each, good
buildings; one on Bohemia River, other on
Sassafras, will sell cheap. Also 130
acres at Warwick and 76 acres and 47
acres at Mount Pleasant, and many others
can sell them on good terms.
G. W. INGRAM,
Middletown, Del.

FOR SALE!
Two nice farms of 200 acres each, good
buildings; one on Bohemia River, other on
Sassafras, will sell cheap. Also 130
acres at Warwick and 76 acres and 47
acres at Mount Pleasant, and many others
can sell them on good terms.
G. W. INGRAM,
Middletown, Del.

M. BANNING,
DEALER IN FINE
GROCERIES!

The Holidays are close at hand
and we are making a greater
effort to have something to please
you than ever before. Our Mince
Meats are selected from the
best brands on the market. Also
a full line of Raisins, Currants,
Citron, Lemon and Orange Peel.
The new Evaporated Fruits are
now in. New Nuts and Candies
in large assortment. Canned
Vegetables and Fruits from the
best packers. Also pure Maple
Syrup, Pickles and a large assort-
ment of table supplies.

Now for the butcher and farm
er we have the fine and coarse
salt in the large and small size
package. Also pure Sage, Salt
Peter and Pepper.

We have a large assortment of
Colgate's Toilet Articles, such
as Soaps, Toilet Water, Talcum
Powder, Cologne, Tooth Powder,
Dental Cream, Shaving Soap,
Flavoring Extracts, Etc.

Our intention is to keep a sup-
ply of goods usually found in a
first-class store.

M. BANNING.
East Main St.
Middletown, Del.

**NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS
OF
St. Georges Hundred!**

The taxable residents of St. Georges
Hundred, and all persons liable to pay
tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified
that the Taxes for the year 1908 are now
due, and the undersigned Tax Collector
for said Hundred, will be at the office of
JOSEPH H. KNOX, in Odessa,
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25th, 1908
From 9:00 A. M. to 12:00 M.
AT HENRY CLEAVES'S STORE, IN PORT FENON,
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25th, 1908
From 1 P. M. to 4 P. M.
and at the County Tax Collector's Office,
South Broad street, Middletown, Del.,
every Saturday during the month of
November, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Tax bills can be obtained by making
personal application to the Collector, or
by sending written communication en-
closing stamps.

WALTER BEASTEN,
Collector of Taxes for St. Georges Hun-
dred.

**NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS
—OF—
APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED!**

The taxable residents of Appoquinimink
Hundred, and all persons liable to pay
tax in said Hundred, are hereby
notified that the Taxes for the year 1908
are now due, and the undersigned Tax
Collector for said Hundred, will be at
the office of GEORGE M. D. HART,
in Townsend, Del.,
SATURDAYS,
NOVEMBER 9, 14, 21 and 28, 1908.
From 1 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

WILLIAM C. MONEY,
Collector of Taxes for Appoquinimink Hundred.

**NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS
—OF—
Blackbird Hundred!**

The taxable residents of Blackbird
Hundred, and all persons liable to pay
tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified
that the Taxes for the year 1908 are now
due, and the undersigned Tax Collector
for said Hundred, will be at
AT BLACKBIRD, WATSON'S STORE
NOVEMBER 21st, 1908.
From 1 to 3 P. M.
AT FLEMING'S LANDING,
NOVEMBER 23d, 1908.
From 1 to 3 P. M.
AT DELANEY'S,
(DAVIS' STORE)
NOVEMBER 26th, 1908.
From 1 to 3 P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making
personal application to the Collector, or
by sending written communication en-
closing stamps.

JOHN BEITH,
Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred.

The Transcript, \$1.

WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOV. 24, 1908.

Notwithstanding that the Grangers and
the University Presidents have both
held conventions in Washington dur-
ing the past week, by far the most in-
teresting convention is that of five or
six members of the Ways and Means
Committee of the House of Representa-
tives who are debating the tariff ques-
tion in the new offices of Congress. I say "de-
bating," because although the representa-
tives of the various interests are there
ostensibly to give testimony and to afford
the members of the Ways and Means
committee a basis for their opinion with
reference to the various schedules, they are
not so much witnesses as speakers.
The members of the Ways and Means
Committee are so thoroughly acquainted with the
various schedules of the tariff, that they are
thoroughly conversant with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters, or to Senators
Aldrich and Hale in the Senate with their
bunch, there will be no real change in the
tariff, and really the members of the
Ways and Means Committee are as
thoroughly acquainted with the questions
of the so-called "witnesses" or representa-
tives of the interests. The hearing is
therefore farcical. It amounts to nothing,
one way or the other as to decid-
ing the question is concerned. If
the decision is left in the hands of
Uncle Joe Cannon in the House and his
board of standpatters

Overcoat Clothing Store

New Fall and Winter CLOTHING!

For Men, Boys and Children!

WE ARE SHOWING a stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats, made by C. N. Meltner & Co., the Overcoat King of New York, selected with great care and strictly up-to-date models, in all the newest shades of browns, greens and modes, correctly cut, finely tailored suits with all the new cuffs, lapels, etc. We pride ourselves on having the best that can be made for the money and it is always our aim to give the most for the money in both looks and wear.

No words of ours can convey to you any conception of the great values we are offering, therefore we invite you to come and inspect our new stock.

Men's Suits and Overcoats, \$5.00 to \$18.00

HATS.—We have a hat here for \$1.50 that we defy you to duplicate at any other store in the State for less than \$2.00.

SWEATERS.—New Oxford Greys only 50c. Others ask 75c and \$1. Others that are equal to the best up to \$3.50.

OUR NECKWEAR display will make you envious and sorry that your purse will not allow you to buy one of each style.

UNDERWEAR.—You'll soon be compelled to don heavier Underwear—get it here—all weights and prices.

We have the largest assortment of Ladies', Men's and Boy's Shoes and Rubber Goods ever displayed in our store.

The Globe Clothing Store

S. M. ROSENBERG, Proprietor.

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

Our Overcoats!

We've put the peg a notch higher this year, and we believe we are showing the finest Ready to Wear Overcoats ever offered to the trade. Don't even think of going to the high priced tailor for an Overcoat. Very few men do—and there's no use whatever for doing so.

We offer you the same high grade of fabrics in Cheviots, Kerseys, Meltons, Vicunas, Friezes, &c., as the exclusive merchant tailor.

Then, when it comes to the style and the tailoring—we take off our lists to no one.

OVERCOATS AT \$5 ALL THE WAY UP TO \$35

We've the medium length coat, the long coat and the storm coat, in fact every style of Overcoat for every style of man. Nothing skimpy or nothing narrow, mean or stingy about our garments.

BOY'S OVERCOATS AND REEFERS, \$2.00 TO \$7.50

WRIGHT & DAVIDSON CO.,

CLOTHES OF QUALITY
Market and Eighth Streets, WILMINGTON, DEL.

Two VALUABLE FARMS for Sale

Between St. Georges and Delaware City and About 2 Miles from each Town.

Number 1.—299 acres beautiful and productive land. This farm backs on the canal and the land will produce 60 to 75 bushels corn per acre, and 25 to 35 bushels of wheat. It has a large brick dwelling and a large brick bank barn and other outbuildings 275 acres in cultivation. It is being sold to settle partnership. Price \$60.00 per acre, and its a bargain.

Number 2.—260 acres, 2 miles from Delaware City, and is known as the E. L. Clark farm. It has a large brick dwelling and a large brick barn. About 250 acres in cultivation, balance is marsh or meadow used for pasture. This farm lays on the stone road leading to Wilmington, and is about 14 miles therefrom. This land is in splendid condition and surrounded by high priced farms. It is very productive and ought to suit anyone wanting a safe and sure investment. It will grow as much grain as No. 1, and both of these farms ought to sell in 30 days time, as they are well located, and the land is equal to anything on the market in Delaware. \$15,000 buys this elegant farm and home. For further particulars call or address.

\$10,000.00 TO LOAN

At 5 per cent. in sums to suit. Apply to

E. H. BECK, Middletown, Delaware

The Transcript, \$1

NOTICE

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, tenant and occupier of the house known as the Middletown Hotel, situated at Middletown, in School District No. 60, 603 and 94, county of New Castle and State of Delaware, in compliance with the requirements of the acts of the General Assembly in such cases made and provided, do hereby give notice that I shall apply in writing to the Court of General Sessions of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle County, on Monday, the 4th day of January A. D. 1908, being the next term of said Court, for a license for said house as an inn or tavern for the sale thereof of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, and the following respectable citizens of said School District, at least six of whom are substantial freeholders of said School District, recommend the said application, viz:

John Clayton, Jr. Harry C. Elison, C. P. Cochran, W. S. Letherbury, H. L. Davis, J. L. Parsons, W. A. Conner, G. Ellis, Wm. B. Cochran, Harry M. Black, Geo. Eichenhofer, Julian Cochran, J. B. Messick, Corbit Vinyard, Cyrus Tatum, John C. Carroll, Albert Price, Willard E. Biggs, N. J. Williams, Arthur Crow, Joseph W. Gary, John P. McIntyre, Geo. W. Peck.

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, Middletown, Del., Nov. 25th, 1908.

Proclamation!

STATE OF DELAWARE
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To WHOM THESE PRESENTS MAY COME,
GREETING:

Whereas, it has been credibly represented that an epidemic of apoplexy, fever, commonly known as foot and mouth disease, among domestic animals, is now prevailing in the State of New York and Pennsylvania, which, if not checked, will imperil the lives and property interests of the citizens of this State;

Now, therefore, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, by virtue of the authority vested in the Governor of this State, under the statutes in that behalf, do proclaim that the conveyance of all cattle, sheep and hogs, from or passing through, the State of New York and Pennsylvania into the State of Delaware, is prohibited; and do further proclaim that the driving, directly or indirectly, of all cattle, sheep and hogs from said State into the State of Delaware is likewise prohibited.

All violations of the provisions of this Proclamation will render the guilty person liable to prosecution, in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-fifth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight, and of the Independence of the United States the One hundred and thirty-third.

By the Governor,
PRESTON LEA.

JOE L. CAHALL, Secretary of State.

Constitutional Amendment!

An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Delaware in General Assembly met: (two-thirds of all the members elected to each House agreeing):

SECTION 1. That the following amendment be and the same is hereby proposed to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware:

That the word "five" be stricken out of the third line of said Section 15 Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "six" be inserted in lieu thereof, and the word "six" be stricken out of the fourth line of said Section 15, Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "twelve" be inserted in lieu thereof.

RICHARD HODGSON, Speaker of the House.
ISAAC T. PARSONS, President of the Senate.

I, Joseph L. Cahall, Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of House Bill No. 312, entitled "An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly," as the same appears on the enrolled bill in the office of the Secretary of State, which said bill proposing such amendment to the Constitution of this State is published in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of the State.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and official seal, at Dover, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight.

JOE L. CAHALL, Secretary of State.

FOR SALE!

Fifty Acres of Land

in high state of cultivation, near Odessa; no buildings.
GEO. L. TOWNSEND, Jr., Atty.

FOR SALE!

Gilpin Property

Main Street, Middletown
GEO. L. TOWNSEND, Jr., Atty.

NEAT and BEST

JOB WORK

Apply to This Office

NOTICE

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, tenant and occupier of the house known as the Middletown Hotel, situated at Middletown, in School District No. 60, 603 and 94, county of New Castle and State of Delaware, in compliance with the requirements of the acts of the General Assembly in such cases made and provided, do hereby give notice that I shall apply in writing to the Court of General Sessions of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle County, on Monday, the 4th day of January A. D. 1908, being the next term of said Court, for a license for said house as an inn or tavern for the sale thereof of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, and the following respectable citizens of said School District, at least six of whom are substantial freeholders of said School District, recommend the said application, viz:

John Clayton, Jr. Harry C. Elison, C. P. Cochran, W. S. Letherbury, H. L. Davis, J. L. Parsons, W. A. Conner, G. Ellis, Wm. B. Cochran, Harry M. Black, Geo. Eichenhofer, Julian Cochran, J. B. Messick, Corbit Vinyard, Cyrus Tatum, John C. Carroll, Albert Price, Willard E. Biggs, N. J. Williams, Arthur Crow, Joseph W. Gary, John P. McIntyre, Geo. W. Peck.

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, Middletown, Del., Nov. 25th, 1908.

Proclamation!

STATE OF DELAWARE
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To WHOM THESE PRESENTS MAY COME,
GREETING:

Whereas, it has been credibly represented that an epidemic of apoplexy, fever, commonly known as foot and mouth disease, among domestic animals, is now prevailing in the State of New York and Pennsylvania, which, if not checked, will imperil the lives and property interests of the citizens of this State;

Now, therefore, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, by virtue of the authority vested in the Governor of this State, under the statutes in that behalf, do proclaim that the conveyance of all cattle, sheep and hogs, from or passing through, the State of New York and Pennsylvania into the State of Delaware, is prohibited; and do further proclaim that the driving, directly or indirectly, of all cattle, sheep and hogs from said State into the State of Delaware is likewise prohibited.

All violations of the provisions of this Proclamation will render the guilty person liable to prosecution, in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-fifth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight, and of the Independence of the United States the One hundred and thirty-third.

By the Governor,
PRESTON LEA.

JOE L. CAHALL, Secretary of State.

Constitutional Amendment!

An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Delaware in General Assembly met: (two-thirds of all the members elected to each House agreeing):

SECTION 1. That the following amendment be and the same is hereby proposed to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware:

That the word "five" be stricken out of the third line of said Section 15 Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "six" be inserted in lieu thereof, and the word "six" be stricken out of the fourth line of said Section 15, Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "twelve" be inserted in lieu thereof.

RICHARD HODGSON, Speaker of the House.
ISAAC T. PARSONS, President of the Senate.

I, Joseph L. Cahall, Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of House Bill No. 312, entitled "An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly," as the same appears on the enrolled bill in the office of the Secretary of State, which said bill proposing such amendment to the Constitution of this State is published in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of the State.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and official seal, at Dover, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight.

JOE L. CAHALL, Secretary of State.

FOR SALE!

Fifty Acres of Land

in high state of cultivation, near Odessa; no buildings.
GEO. L. TOWNSEND, Jr., Atty.

FOR SALE!

Gilpin Property

Main Street, Middletown
GEO. L. TOWNSEND, Jr., Atty.

NEAT and BEST

JOB WORK

Apply to This Office

NOTICE

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, tenant and occupier of the house known as the Middletown Hotel, situated at Middletown, in School District No. 60, 603 and 94, county of New Castle and State of Delaware, in compliance with the requirements of the acts of the General Assembly in such cases made and provided, do hereby give notice that I shall apply in writing to the Court of General Sessions of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle County, on Monday, the 4th day of January A. D. 1908, being the next term of said Court, for a license for said house as an inn or tavern for the sale thereof of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, and the following respectable citizens of said School District, at least six of whom are substantial freeholders of said School District, recommend the said application, viz:

John Clayton, Jr. Harry C. Elison, C. P. Cochran, W. S. Letherbury, H. L. Davis, J. L. Parsons, W. A. Conner, G. Ellis, Wm. B. Cochran, Harry M. Black, Geo. Eichenhofer, Julian Cochran, J. B. Messick, Corbit Vinyard, Cyrus Tatum, John C. Carroll, Albert Price, Willard E. Biggs, N. J. Williams, Arthur Crow, Joseph W. Gary, John P. McIntyre, Geo. W. Peck.

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, Middletown, Del., Nov. 25th, 1908.

Proclamation!

STATE OF DELAWARE
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To WHOM THESE PRESENTS MAY COME,
GREETING:

Whereas, it has been credibly represented that an epidemic of apoplexy, fever, commonly known as foot and mouth disease, among domestic animals, is now prevailing in the State of New York and Pennsylvania, which, if not checked, will imperil the lives and property interests of the citizens of this State;

Now, therefore, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, by virtue of the authority vested in the Governor of this State, under the statutes in that behalf, do proclaim that the conveyance of all cattle, sheep and hogs, from or passing through, the State of New York and Pennsylvania into the State of Delaware, is prohibited; and do further proclaim that the driving, directly or indirectly, of all cattle, sheep and hogs from said State into the State of Delaware is likewise prohibited.

All violations of the provisions of this Proclamation will render the guilty person liable to prosecution, in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-fifth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight, and of the Independence of the United States the One hundred and thirty-third.

By the Governor,
PRESTON LEA.

JOE L. CAHALL, Secretary of State.

Constitutional Amendment!

An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Delaware in General Assembly met: (two-thirds of all the members elected to each House agreeing):

SECTION 1. That the following amendment be and the same is hereby proposed to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware:

That the word "five" be stricken out of the third line of said Section 15 Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "six" be inserted in lieu thereof, and the word "six" be stricken out of the fourth line of said Section 15, Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "twelve" be inserted in lieu thereof.

RICHARD HODGSON, Speaker of the House.
ISAAC T. PARSONS, President of the Senate.

I, Joseph L. Cahall, Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of House Bill No. 312, entitled "An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly," as the same appears on the enrolled bill in the office of the Secretary of State, which said bill proposing such amendment to the Constitution of this State is published in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of the State.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and official seal, at Dover, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight.

JOE L. CAHALL, Secretary of State.

FOR SALE!

Fifty Acres of Land

in high state of cultivation, near Odessa; no buildings.
GEO. L. TOWNSEND, Jr., Atty.

FOR SALE!

Gilpin Property

Main Street, Middletown
GEO. L. TOWNSEND, Jr., Atty.

NEAT and BEST

JOB WORK

Apply to This Office

NOTICE

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, tenant and occupier of the house known as the Middletown Hotel, situated at Middletown, in School District No. 60, 603 and 94, county of New Castle and State of Delaware, in compliance with the requirements of the acts of the General Assembly in such cases made and provided, do hereby give notice that I shall apply in writing to the Court of General Sessions of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle County, on Monday, the 4th day of January A. D. 1908, being the next term of said Court, for a license for said house as an inn or tavern for the sale thereof of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, and the following respectable citizens of said School District, at least six of whom are substantial freeholders of said School District, recommend the said application, viz:

John Clayton, Jr. Harry C. Elison, C. P. Cochran, W. S. Letherbury, H. L. Davis, J. L. Parsons, W. A. Conner, G. Ellis, Wm. B. Cochran, Harry M. Black, Geo. Eichenhofer, Julian Cochran, J. B. Messick, Corbit Vinyard, Cyrus Tatum, John C. Carroll, Albert Price, Willard E. Biggs, N. J. Williams, Arthur Crow, Joseph W. Gary, John P. McIntyre, Geo. W. Peck.

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, Middletown, Del., Nov. 25th, 1908.

Proclamation!

STATE OF DELAWARE
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To WHOM THESE PRESENTS MAY COME,
GREETING:

Whereas, it has been credibly represented that an epidemic of apoplexy, fever, commonly known as foot and mouth disease, among domestic animals, is now prevailing in the State of New York and Pennsylvania, which, if not checked, will imperil the lives and property interests of the citizens of this State;

Now, therefore, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, by virtue of the authority vested in the Governor of this State, under the statutes in that behalf, do proclaim that the conveyance of all cattle, sheep and hogs, from or passing through, the State of New York and Pennsylvania into the State of Delaware, is prohibited; and do further proclaim that the driving, directly or indirectly, of all cattle, sheep and hogs from said State into the State of Delaware is likewise prohibited.

All violations of the provisions of this Proclamation will render the guilty person liable to prosecution, in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-fifth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight, and of the Independence of the United States the One hundred and thirty-third.

By the Governor,
PRESTON LEA.

JOE L. CAHALL, Secretary of State.

Constitutional Amendment!

An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Delaware in General Assembly met: (two-thirds of all the members elected to each House agreeing):

SECTION 1. That the following amendment be and the same is hereby proposed to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware:

That the word "five" be stricken out of the third line of said Section 15 Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "six" be inserted in lieu thereof, and the word "six" be stricken out of the fourth line of said Section 15, Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "twelve" be inserted in lieu thereof.

RICHARD HODGSON, Speaker of the House.
ISAAC T. PARSONS, President of the Senate.

I, Joseph L. Cahall, Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of House Bill No. 312, entitled "An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly," as the same appears on the enrolled bill in the office of the Secretary of State, which said bill proposing such amendment to the Constitution of this State is published in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of the State.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and official seal, at Dover, this twenty-fifth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight.

JOE L. CAHALL, Secretary of State.

FOR SALE!

Fifty Acres of Land

in high state of cultivation, near Odessa; no buildings.
GEO. L. TOWNSEND, Jr., Atty.

FOR SALE!

Gilpin Property

Main Street, Middletown
GEO. L. TOWNSEND, Jr., Atty.

NEAT and BEST

JOB WORK

Apply to This Office

NOTICE

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, tenant and occupier of the house known as the Middletown Hotel, situated at Middletown, in School District No. 60, 603 and 94, county of New Castle and State of Delaware, in compliance with the requirements of the acts of the General Assembly in such cases made and provided, do hereby give notice that I shall apply in writing to the Court of General Sessions of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle County, on Monday, the 4th day of January A. D. 1908, being the next term of said Court, for a license for said house as an inn or tavern for the sale thereof of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, and the following respectable citizens of said School District, at least six of whom are substantial freeholders of said School District, recommend the said application, viz:

John Clayton, Jr. Harry C. Elison, C. P. Cochran, W. S. Letherbury, H. L. Davis, J. L. Parsons, W. A. Conner, G. Ellis, Wm. B. Cochran, Harry M. Black, Geo. Eichenhofer, Julian Cochran, J. B. Messick, Corbit Vinyard, Cyrus Tatum, John C. Carroll, Albert Price, Willard E. Biggs, N. J. Williams, Arthur Crow, Joseph W. Gary, John P. McIntyre, Geo. W. Peck.

ALEXANDER MAXWELL, Middletown, Del., Nov. 25th, 1908.

Proclamation!

STATE OF DELAWARE
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To WHOM THESE PRESENTS MAY COME,
GREETING:

Whereas, it has been credibly represented that an epidemic of apoplexy, fever, commonly known as foot and mouth disease, among domestic animals, is now prevailing in the State of New York and Pennsylvania, which, if not checked, will imperil the lives and property interests of the citizens of this State;

Now, therefore, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, by virtue of the authority vested in the Governor of this State, under the statutes in that behalf, do proclaim that the conveyance of all cattle, sheep and hogs, from or passing through, the State of New York and Pennsylvania into the State of Delaware, is prohibited; and do further proclaim that the driving, directly or indirectly, of all cattle, sheep and hogs from said State into the State of Delaware is likewise prohibited.

All violations of the provisions of this Proclamation will render the guilty person liable to prosecution, in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided.

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I, Preston Lea, Governor of the State of Delaware, have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed this twenty-fifth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight, and of the Independence of the United States the One hundred and thirty-third.

By the Governor,
PRESTON LEA.

JOE L. CAHALL, Secretary of State.

Constitutional Amendment!

An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Delaware in General Assembly met: (two-thirds of all the members elected to each House agreeing):

SECTION 1. That the following amendment be and the same is hereby proposed to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware:

That the word "five" be stricken out of the third line of said Section 15 Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "six" be inserted in lieu thereof, and the word "six" be stricken out of the fourth line of said Section 15, Article 2 of the Constitution, and the word "twelve" be inserted in lieu thereof.

RICHARD HODGSON, Speaker of the House.
ISAAC T. PARSONS, President of the Senate.

I, Joseph L. Cahall, Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of House Bill No. 312, entitled "An Act Proposing an Amendment to Section 15 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Delaware, relating to the Compensation of the Members and Presiding Officers of the General Assembly," as the same appears on the enrolled bill in the office of the Secretary of State, which said bill proposing such amendment to the Constitution of this State is published in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of the State.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and official

MISS DILLOWAY

BY CARRIE A. GRIFFIN

Miss Dilloway locked the back door of her small house and hung the key in plain sight near the kitchen window. How far the safety of her goods and chattels was insured by this simple act she never stopped to consider; but nothing would have induced her to leave the door unlocked.

On her way down the narrow gravel walk she stopped to pick a weed here and there from the flower bed and to pick up an obnoxious piece of paper which had somehow found its way into the midst of the flowers. She straightened a young Balm of Gilead tree, and tied it more securely to the small stick which served as a prop; then, closing the gate carefully behind her, she walked briskly down the village street.

She had walked rather timidly along the platform of the little railway station and was about to enter the waiting-room when she was accosted by a man standing near, who was checking a solitary trunk.

Wal, wal, Miss Dilloway! Goin' on a journey?

Not much of a one, she answered curtly.

Wal, go right in, and I'll be in in a minute.

He soon appeared at the ticket office window, curiosity written all over his face. Miss Dilloway noted it.

I want a ticket to Preston! How much is it? she said.

Oh, to Preston! Eighty-five cents. Let me see; got any relatives up that way?

No. Can you change five dollars?

Oh yes—twenty-five, if you say so. Wal, didn't Eary's folks move up Preston way, or nigh there?

No; they moved to Clar'mont. How soon'll the train go?

Old Mr. McQuestion leaned forward and looked out through the office window at the clock on the wall.

In 'bout fifteen minutes. Set down; set down over there in the rocking chair and make yourself comfortable. Tain't every depot that's got a rocking chair. Ahem! Goin' to be gone long?

No, answered Miss Dilloway, rather enjoying the situation.

No? H'm—h'm! Wal—

But the good man's curiosity was not to be gratified that morning. A call from the baggage room necessitated his hurrying away, and the 10 o'clock accommodation soon bore little Miss Dilloway out of sight and

have any parents. Then he capped it all by saying that he and Mrs. Thornton had just adopted a 5 year old boy from that very asylum. They've got seven already! But that's like Mr. Thornton; he always practices what he preaches.

Well, when I sat down that afternoon with my Bible and hymn book, I couldn't get my mind off that sermon. When I heard it didn't seem as if 'twas meant for me, but for married folks; but somehow the thought of Abby's chamber upstairs—Abby's my sister, who died last year—kind of worked its way into my mind, and I wondered if the Lord would say to me, Cynthia Dilloway, have you kept that room of yours hid in a napkin?

Then I thought of the cellar full of provisions, and more than enough in the bank to take care of me if I lived to be a hundred; and before I knew it I'd said aloud, I'll do it! I'll give one of those poor things a home, and I guess I can be a kind of mother to it, if I am an old maid! It's surprising how much company just the thought of having a little girl around has been, for I made up my mind, of course, it should be a girl. Since then I've been kind of getting ready—and well, here I am!

By this time little Miss Dilloway was wiping the perspiration from her face. She had talked an unusually long time for her.

My friend, said the matron, who had been listening with interest to her story, I am sure you will be blessed in sharing your home with one of God's unfortunate ones. Come with me and let me show you my family.

She led the way up a broad flight of stairs. Miss Dilloway soon found herself in a large room which contained so many children that the first sight of them almost took her breath away. She had expected to see a dozen or twenty, perhaps, but here were surely a hundred. How could she choose from among so many?

Over in the corner one of the older girls was trotting a baby. Miss Dilloway was very fond of babies, and she stopped instinctively to speak to this one.

It looked up into her sweet face confidingly, and then held out its small arms toward her. She took it eagerly and pressed the little form close.

I do love babies so! she said, apologetically, to the matron, who was looking on with a smile.

She led the way up a broad flight of stairs. Miss Dilloway soon found herself in a large room which contained so many children that the first sight of them almost took her breath away.

She had expected to see a dozen or twenty, perhaps, but here were surely a hundred. How could she choose from among so many?

Over in the corner one of the older girls was trotting a baby. Miss Dilloway was very fond of babies, and she stopped instinctively to speak to this one.

It looked up into her sweet face confidingly, and then held out its small arms toward her. She took it eagerly and pressed the little form close.

I do love babies so! she said, apologetically, to the matron, who was looking on with a smile.

She led the way up a broad flight of stairs. Miss Dilloway soon found herself in a large room which contained so many children that the first sight of them almost took her breath away.

She had expected to see a dozen or twenty, perhaps, but here were surely a hundred. How could she choose from among so many?

Over in the corner one of the older girls was trotting a baby. Miss Dilloway was very fond of babies, and she stopped instinctively to speak to this one.

It looked up into her sweet face confidingly, and then held out its small arms toward her. She took it eagerly and pressed the little form close.

I do love babies so! she said, apologetically, to the matron, who was looking on with a smile.

She led the way up a broad flight of stairs. Miss Dilloway soon found herself in a large room which contained so many children that the first sight of them almost took her breath away.

She had expected to see a dozen or twenty, perhaps, but here were surely a hundred. How could she choose from among so many?

Over in the corner one of the older girls was trotting a baby. Miss Dilloway was very fond of babies, and she stopped instinctively to speak to this one.

It looked up into her sweet face confidingly, and then held out its small arms toward her. She took it eagerly and pressed the little form close.

I do love babies so! she said, apologetically, to the matron, who was looking on with a smile.

She led the way up a broad flight of stairs. Miss Dilloway soon found herself in a large room which contained so many children that the first sight of them almost took her breath away.

She had expected to see a dozen or twenty, perhaps, but here were surely a hundred. How could she choose from among so many?

Over in the corner one of the older girls was trotting a baby. Miss Dilloway was very fond of babies, and she stopped instinctively to speak to this one.

It looked up into her sweet face confidingly, and then held out its small arms toward her. She took it eagerly and pressed the little form close.

I do love babies so! she said, apologetically, to the matron, who was looking on with a smile.

She led the way up a broad flight of stairs. Miss Dilloway soon found herself in a large room which contained so many children that the first sight of them almost took her breath away.

She had expected to see a dozen or twenty, perhaps, but here were surely a hundred. How could she choose from among so many?

Over in the corner one of the older girls was trotting a baby. Miss Dilloway was very fond of babies, and she stopped instinctively to speak to this one.

It looked up into her sweet face confidingly, and then held out its small arms toward her. She took it eagerly and pressed the little form close.

I do love babies so! she said, apologetically, to the matron, who was looking on with a smile.

She led the way up a broad flight of stairs. Miss Dilloway soon found herself in a large room which contained so many children that the first sight of them almost took her breath away.

She had expected to see a dozen or twenty, perhaps, but here were surely a hundred. How could she choose from among so many?

Over in the corner one of the older girls was trotting a baby. Miss Dilloway was very fond of babies, and she stopped instinctively to speak to this one.

It looked up into her sweet face confidingly, and then held out its small arms toward her. She took it eagerly and pressed the little form close.

I do love babies so! she said, apologetically, to the matron, who was looking on with a smile.

She led the way up a broad flight of stairs. Miss Dilloway soon found herself in a large room which contained so many children that the first sight of them almost took her breath away.

She had expected to see a dozen or twenty, perhaps, but here were surely a hundred. How could she choose from among so many?

Over in the corner one of the older girls was trotting a baby. Miss Dilloway was very fond of babies, and she stopped instinctively to speak to this one.

It looked up into her sweet face confidingly, and then held out its small arms toward her. She took it eagerly and pressed the little form close.

I do love babies so! she said, apologetically, to the matron, who was looking on with a smile.

She led the way up a broad flight of stairs. Miss Dilloway soon found herself in a large room which contained so many children that the first sight of them almost took her breath away.

them were surprised. It seemed a very amusing thing to some of them that Miss Dilloway should adopt a baby, but those who knew her well and loved her commended her worthy act and rejoiced in her new happiness—for happy she certainly was.

It was certainly a beautiful sight to see Miss Dilloway with the baby in her arms. The child crowded, cooed, and was unmistakably very fond of his foster parent.

Donations of slips, stockings and socks for baby's wear came in almost daily. One thoughtful neighbor sent in a cradle. Children came in with toys innumerable.

Miss Dilloway held counsel with the mothers in the neighborhood as to the merits of certain soothing sirups. Advice was freely given, and baby grew and prospered, and made sunshine in the little old lady's heart.

One day, about three months after the baby's advent in Renthams, a very unusual sound rang through Miss Dilloway's dwelling. There were one, two, three clangs of the brass knocker on the seldom used front door.

When, with the baby in her arms, she opened the door, she faced a tall, square built man of substantial appearance in more senses than one, with streaks of gray in his hair.

The man glanced at the baby and said without ceremony:

I guess I've struck the right place. This is Miss Dilloway, ain't it?

Tremulously, holding the baby very tight, and with an awful foreboding at her heart, she answered, Yes. Will you walk in?

Well, yes, I reckon I will, seeing I've come all this distance to see the little fellow. There, now, don't get scared! I've no notion of taking him from you. I shouldn't know what to do with him if I had him.

Miss Dilloway's face continued to express astonishment.

Well, well, said the man, I guess I'd better introduce myself. I'm Reuben Russell, late of Minnesota, at present of nowhere in particular. I got to Preston three days ago and went to hunt up my niece Clara. I did not know she was dead until I reached the place where she used to board. I hadn't heard from her for over a year, and I was pretty well taken aback when they told me of her death and her husband's so nigh together.

But I was more taken aback when I heard she'd left a baby, and that it had been sent to an asylum. Clara Dayton's baby, my nevy—or grand nevy—in an asylum!

I traveled pretty quick to the place and I don't know whether

it is not only entertaining, amusing, instructive and inspiring—it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The

McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

W. B. HALL

DEALER IN

Hand and Custom-Made HARNESS

Repairing Neatly Done on Short Notice at Reasonable Prices

We keep a complete line of ROBES, BLANKETS, COLLARS, WHIPS, CURRY COMBS, BRUSHES, HARNESS. All kinds of OILS and GREASE and various other things too numerous to mention. KINDIG CONDITION POWDERS, THRUSH CURE and LINIMENTS VICKS' & GOFF POULTRY FOOD.

W. B. HALL, NORTH BROAD STREET

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Let us Estimate on Painting Your House

We have experienced men and our quality of paints cannot be excelled. Drop me a line and I will cheerfully look over your property and give you my lowest estimate on painting your house or papering your rooms. Finest line of Wall Paper ever shown in Smyrna.

FROM 3 CENTS UP

Full line of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Putty, &c. Give us your Spring order for painting your house now.

All work Guaranteed to be First-Class. We will contract to do work anywhere.

We pay carfare on orders received north of Smyrna of three rooms or more.

HARVEY JONES, PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER
"FOUR CORNERS," SMYRNA, DEL.

Fruit Jars
Jelly Glasses
Tin Cans
Wax Strings
Sealing Wax
Jar Rubbers

W. S. LETHERBURY'S

Why Buy McClure's?

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read

the best short story writers of the day. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it. The best writers of the day are in it.

McClure's Magazine is bought and read in homes not because it is a magazine, but because it is the magazine. Why?

First—THE PRICE. It costs but one dollar a year, or less than ten cents a number, for over thirteen hundred two-column pages of reading matter. This is a two dollar a volume.

Second—QUALITY. The reading matter is written by America's leading writers of important series, such as Scott's Reminiscences or Baker's Railroad articles. The reading matter in McClure's is not only good; it is also about the subjects in which you and all Americans are most interested at the time. No subjects in the next twelve months are going to be so important as the question of railroads and the question of life insurance. Both of these questions

are of the most vital importance to the people of this country. The McClure's Magazine is not edited for children, but it is in it that any young girl might not read